

# Offer #2024-07443

# PhD Position F/M End-to-end speech-to-sign language generation

Contract type: Fixed-term contract

Level of qualifications required: Graduate degree or equivalent

Fonction: PhD Position

# Context

The PhD project will be carried out in the <u>MULTISPEECH team</u> at <u>Loria</u>. The PhD candidate will be supervised by <u>Slim Ouni</u> (professor, University of Lorraine) and <u>Mostafa Sadeghi</u> (researcher, Inria), and will benefit from the research environment, expertise, and powerful computational resources (GPUs & CPUs) of the team.

# **Assignment**

#### Motivation and context

Sign language generation involves translating the spoken or written language into the visual-manual modality of sign language, effectively converting auditory or text information into corresponding sign language gestures and expressions. An automatic translation system for this task requires access to a sufficiently large parallel corpus of aligned speech and sign data. Moreover, previous work on sign language translation has shown that having an intermediate-level presentation of sign meta-symbols, known as gloss, is beneficial for translation performance. Gloss is essentially a morpheme-by-morpheme "translation" using English words. However, the field of sign language research does not have large-scale gloss-annotated corpora that would allow for the immediate use of a sign language generation system. Most existing corpora come from small discourse domains with a limited vocabulary, such as weather forecasts [1]. These corpora often present inherent problems with the acquisition itself, such as low resolution, motion blur, and interlacing artifacts.

Moreover, a main limitation of existing sign language generation systems is that the introduction of any intermediate representation removes some information from the source message. More precisely, the intermediation of text, obtained from input speech using automatic recognition systems, removes prosodic information carried by speech. The intermediation of glosses removes information about the inflection of the execution on signs with respect to their citation form.

# Main activities

#### **Objectives**

This project involves modeling the generation of sign gestures from speech. It aims to achieve direct translation from continuous speech, rather than text, to sign language through an end-to-end approach, bypassing the need for gloss annotations. Its main goal is to create a model that can produce high-quality, photorealistic animations of a 3D avatar straight from speech inputs. This will be accomplished by utilizing the latest developments in large-scale speech and vision-language modeling [2], self-supervised/unsupervised learning [3], and natural language processing techniques.

We will be building upon the work of [4], to develop a system based on a diffusion model [5], We will build a conditional generative model capable of generating gesture data conditioned on input speech. In this process, we discard the intermediate conversion stage from text to gloss and directly perform a more efficient translation from spoken language to pose. For this project, we will use public corpora of parallel sign data, for fine-tuning and semi-supervised learning purposes, and a large corpus of unannotated sign language gestures and speech collected and partially preprocessed for German.

Addressing the challenge of limited labeled data, our project also explores the impact of applying a transfer learning strategy. This method aims to enhance the model's capacity for gesture representation and uncover deeper insights into the gesture production process. Transfer learning, a strategy where a model trained on one task is adapted for use on a related but different task, is particularly valuable in scenarios with scarce data. Through this investigation, we aim not only to improve gesture generation quality but also to achieve a more profound understanding of model behavior. This could lead to the

development of models that are not only more interpretable but also capable of generating more natural and expressive gestures.

#### References

[1] H. Cooper and R. Bowden, Learning signs from subtitles: A weakly supervised approach to sign language recognition, in 2009 IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recogni-tion, pp. <u>2568-2574</u>, 2009.

[2] Benjia Zhou, Zhigang Chen, Albert Clapés, Jun Wan, Yanyan Liang, Sergio Escalera, Zhen Lei, and Du Zhang. 2023. Gloss-free sign language translation: Improving from visual-language pretraining. In Proceedings of the IEEE/CVF International Conference on Computer Vision (ICCV), pages 20871–20881.

[3] Guo, Z., He, Z., Jiao, W., Wang, X., Wang, R., Chen, K., Tu, Z., Xu, Y. and Zhang, M., 2024. Unsupervised Sign Language Translation and Generation. arXiv preprint arXiv:2402.07726.

[4] Fang, S., Sui, C., Zhang, X., Tian, Y. SignDiff: Learning Diffusion Models for American Sign Language Production. arXiv preprint arXiv:2308.16082, 2023.

[5] L. Yang, Z. Zhang, Y. Song, S. Hong, R. Xu, Y. Zhao, Y. Shao, W. Zhang, B. Cui, and M. H. Yang, Diffusion models: A comprehensive survey of methods and applications arXiv preprint arXiv:2209.00796, 2022.

# Skills

Preferred qualifications for candidates include expertise in machine learning and proficiency with deep learning frameworks, particularly PyTorch. A background in statistical signal processing (especially speech) and/or computer vision is a plus.

# **Benefits package**

- Subsidized meals
- Partial reimbursement of public transport costs
- Leave: 7 weeks of annual leave + 10 extra days off due to RTT (statutory reduction in working hours)
   + possibility of exceptional leave (sick children, moving home, etc.)
- Possibility of teleworking (after 6 months of employment) and flexible organization of working hours
- Professional equipment available (videoconferencing, loan of computer equipment, etc.)
- Social, cultural and sports events and activities
- Access to vocational training
- · Social security coverage

### Remuneration

2100€ gross/month the 1st year

# **General Information**

- Theme/Domain: Language, Speech and Audio Statistics (Big data) (BAP E)
- Town/city: Villers lès Nancy
- Inria Center : Centre Inria de l'Université de Lorraine
- Starting date:2024-10-01
  Duration of contract:3 years
  Deadline to apply:2024-04-30

## **Contacts**

- Inria Team: MULTISPEECH
- PhD Supervisor: Sadeghi Mostafa / mostafa.sadeghi@inria.fr

# **About Inria**

Inria is the French national research institute dedicated to digital science and technology. It employs 2,600 people. Its 200 agile project teams, generally run jointly with academic partners, include more than 3,500 scientists and engineers working to meet the challenges of digital technology, often at the interface with other disciplines. The Institute also employs numerous talents in over forty different professions. 900 research support staff contribute to the preparation and development of scientific and entrepreneurial projects that have a worldwide impact.

# The keys to success

Prospective applicants are invited to submit their academic transcripts, a detailed curriculum vitae (CV), and, if they choose, a cover letter. The cover letter should highlight the reasons for their enthusiasm and interest in this specific project.

Warning: you must enter your e-mail address in order to save your application to Inria. Applications must be submitted online on the Inria website. Processing of applications sent from other channels is not guaranteed.

# Instruction to apply

Defence Security:
This position is likely to be situated in a restricted area (ZRR), as defined in Decree No. 2011-1425 relating to the protection of national scientific and technical potential (PPST). Authorisation to enter an area is granted by the director of the unit, following a favourable Ministerial decision, as defined in the decree of 3 July 2012 relating to the PPST. An unfavourable Ministerial decision in respect of a position situated in a ZRR would result in the cancellation of the appointment.

#### **Recruitment Policy:**

As part of its diversity policy, all Inria positions are accessible to people with disabilities.